

5 T828 PCB Information

This section provides parts lists, a grid reference index, PCB layouts and circuit diagrams for the T828 power amplifier.

This section contains the following information.

Section	Title	IPN	Page
5.1	Introduction		5.1.3
5.2	T828 PA PCB	220-01197-02	5.2.1

5.1 Introduction

PCB Identification

All PCBs are identified by a unique 10 digit “internal part number” (IPN), e.g. 220-12345-00, which is screen printed onto the PCB (usually on the top side). The last 2 digits of this number define the issue status, which starts at 00 and increments through 01, 02, 03, etc. as the PCB is updated. Some issue PCBs never reach full production status and are therefore not included in this manual. A letter following the 10 digit IPN has no relevance in identifying the PCB for service purposes.

Note: It is important that you identify which issue PCB you are working on so that you can refer to the appropriate set of PCB information.

Parts Lists

The 10 digit numbers (000-00000-00) in this Parts List are “internal part numbers” (IPNs). Your spare parts orders can be handled more efficiently if you quote the IPN and provide a brief description of the part.

The components listed in this parts list are divided into two main types: those with a circuit reference (e.g. C2, D1, R121, etc.) and those without (miscellaneous and mechanical).

Those with a circuit reference are grouped in alphabetical order and then in numerical order within each group. Each component entry comprises three or four columns, as shown below:

Ref	Var	IPN	Description
C126		015-06100-08	CAP CER 1206 CHIP 100N 10% X7R 50V
C127		020-09220-01	CAP ELECT RADL 220M 16V 10X12.5MM
C128		015-06100-08	CAP CER 1206 CHIP 100N 10% X7R 50V
C129		015-06100-08	CAP CER 1206 CHIP 100N 10% X7R 50V
&C130	10	015-25100-08	CAP CER 0805 CHIP 10N 10% X7R 50V
&C130	15	015-24470-08	CAP CER 0805 CHIP 4N7 10% X7R 50V
&C130	20	015-25100-08	CAP CER 0805 CHIP 10N 10% X7R 50V
&C130	25	015-24470-08	CAP CER 0805 CHIP 4N7 10% X7R 50V
C131		015-24100-08	CAP CER 0805 CHIP 1N 10% X7R 50V
C132		015-24470-08	CAP CER 0805 CHIP 4N7 10% X7R 50V
C133		015-05470-08	CAP CER 1206 CHIP 47N 10% X7R 50V

circuit reference - lists components in alphanumeric order

variant column - indicates that this is a variant component which is fitted only to the product type listed

description - gives a brief description of the component

Internal Part Number - order the component by this number

The miscellaneous and mechanical section lists the variant and common parts in IPN order.

Variant Components

A variant component is one that has the same circuit reference but different value or specification in different product types. Variant components are indicated by a character prefix such as “&”, “#” or “=”.

Grid Reference Index

To assist in locating components and labelled pads on the PCB layouts and circuit diagrams, a component grid reference index has been provided. This index lists the components and pads in alphanumeric order, along with the appropriate alphanumeric grid references, as shown below:

Device	PCB	Circuit
C126	2:A6	2-R7
C127	1:A8	2-P4
C128	2:B7	2-P2
C129	2:C12	2-E3
&C130	2:D8	2-B8
C131	2:C9	2-H6
C132	2:D8	2-B8
C133	2:D6	2-E1

components listed in alphanumeric order

PCB layout reference
circuit diagram reference

component location on the sheet

sheet number

component location on the layer

layer number -
1 = top side layer
2 = bottom side layer

Using CAD Circuit Diagrams

Reading a CAD circuit diagram is similar to reading a road map, in that both have an alphanumeric border. The circuit diagrams in this manual use letters to represent the horizontal axis, and numbers for the vertical axis. These circuit diagram “grid references” are useful in following a circuit that is spread over two or more sheets.

When a line representing part of the circuitry is discontinued, a reference will be given at the end of the line to indicate where the rest of the circuitry is located. The first digit refers to the sheet number and the last two characters refer to the location on that sheet of the continuation of the circuit (e.g. 1-D4).

If more than one line is represented (indicated by a double thickness line), a dot with a reference label will follow the route each individual line represents.